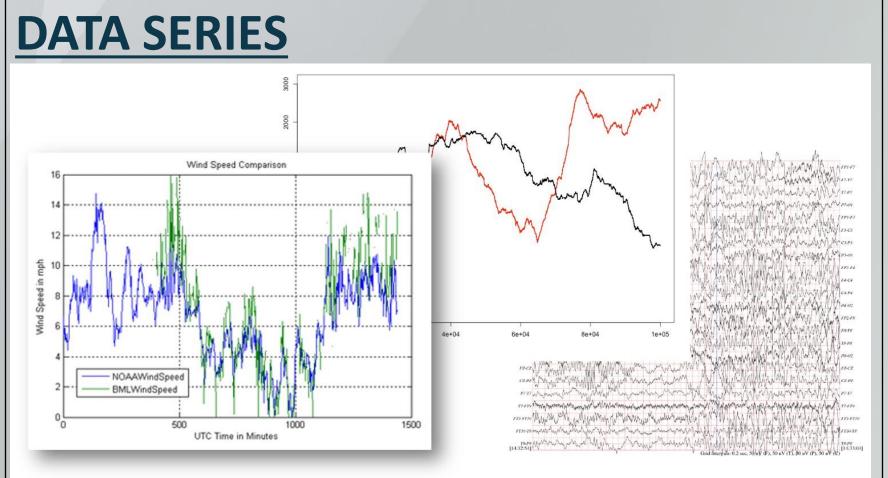


# HARSH: Hardware-Aware extReme-scale Similarity search



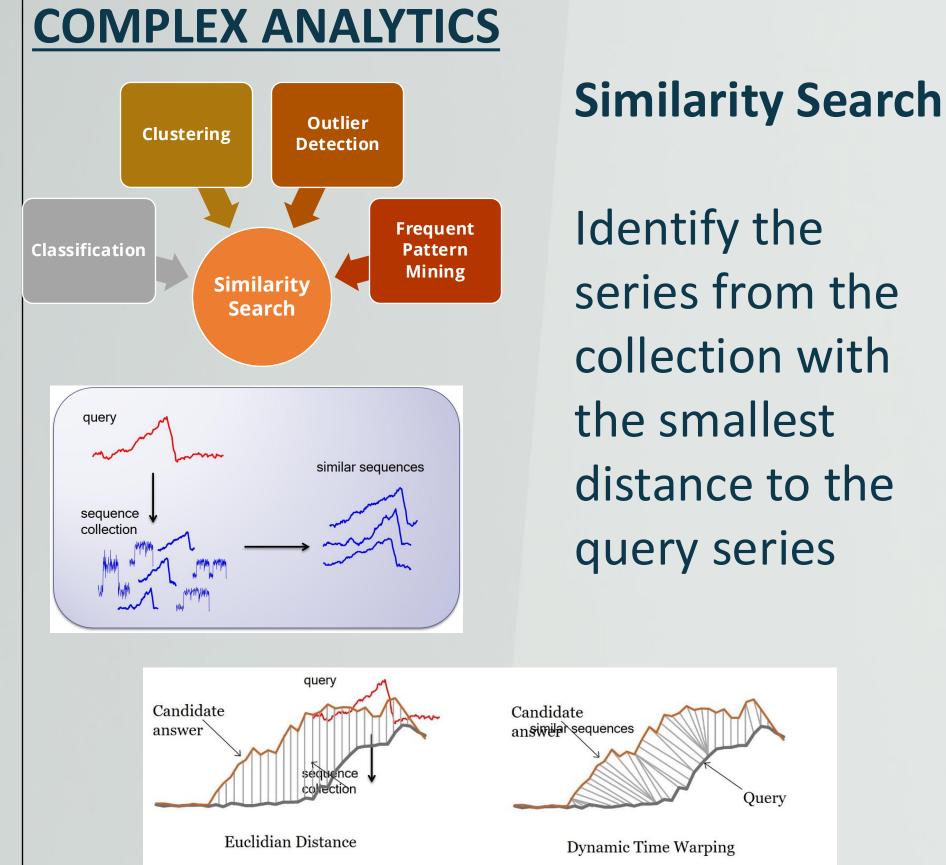
# Coordinator & Scientific Director: Prof. Panagiota Fatourou

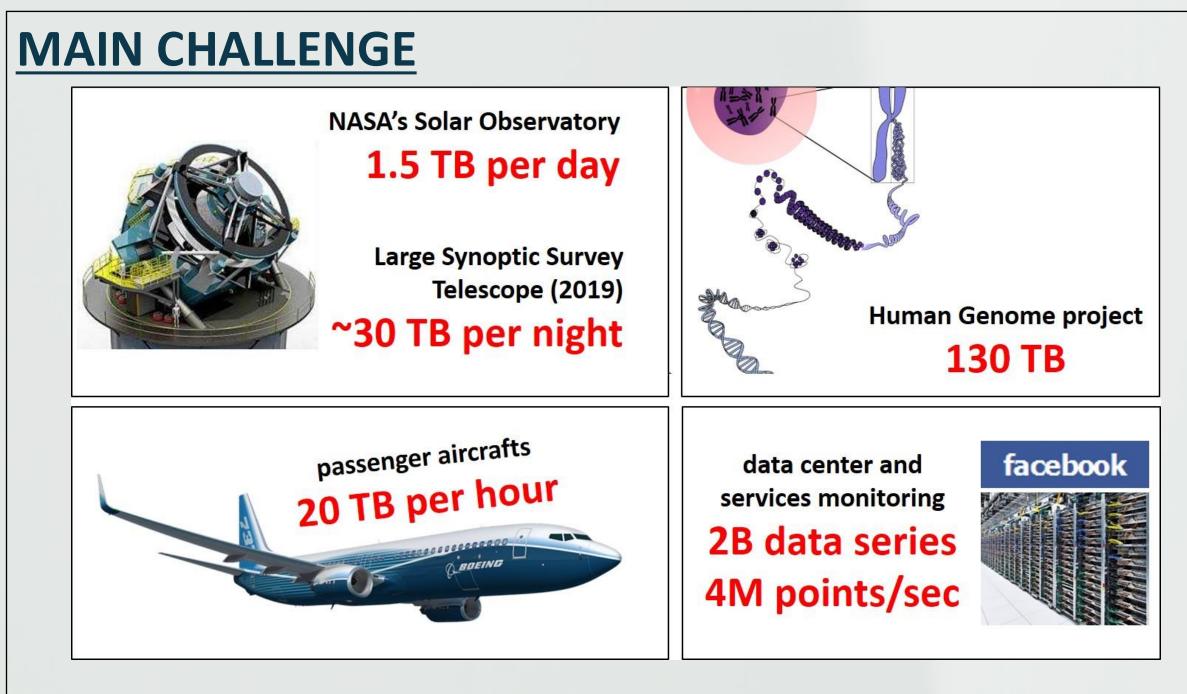
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#### Appear in many scientific fields:

- seismology and earth sciences,
- finance
- astrophysics, neuroscience,
- engineering, etc.





- Massive data series collections
- Data in multiple formats (audio, video, text)
- High-dimensional embeddings

## HARSH Objectives and Methodology

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### 1. Multimodal Learning

- Advanced learning-based models for encoding text and images
- Kernels for image to keyword decoding
- 3. Hardware-aware methods to accelerate the data processing pipeline
- Hardware-Aware/Hardware-Supported Data Series Processing utilizing the full computational power of modern computing platforms in an agnostic way
  - primitives Communication and synchronization for hardware-aware computation in heterogeneous platforms
  - Hardware-Aware Algorithms and Data Structures
- Adaptive and agnostic data series processing
- **Dynamic Data Series Processing**

#### **USE CASES**

- Use case 1 Similar Document/File Finding Application.
- Use Case 2 Photo Analysis for Travel Profile Enhancement Application.
- Use case 3 Public Opinion Analysis Application.

#### Economic Impact

- Domains that are aggressive data series producers
  - Construction of EU E-ELT telescope3: 1 billion €
- EU Human Brain Project5: estimated 1.19 billion €
- US Human Genome Project has a \$796 billion impact and created 310,000 jobs)

#### **Relevant Markets**

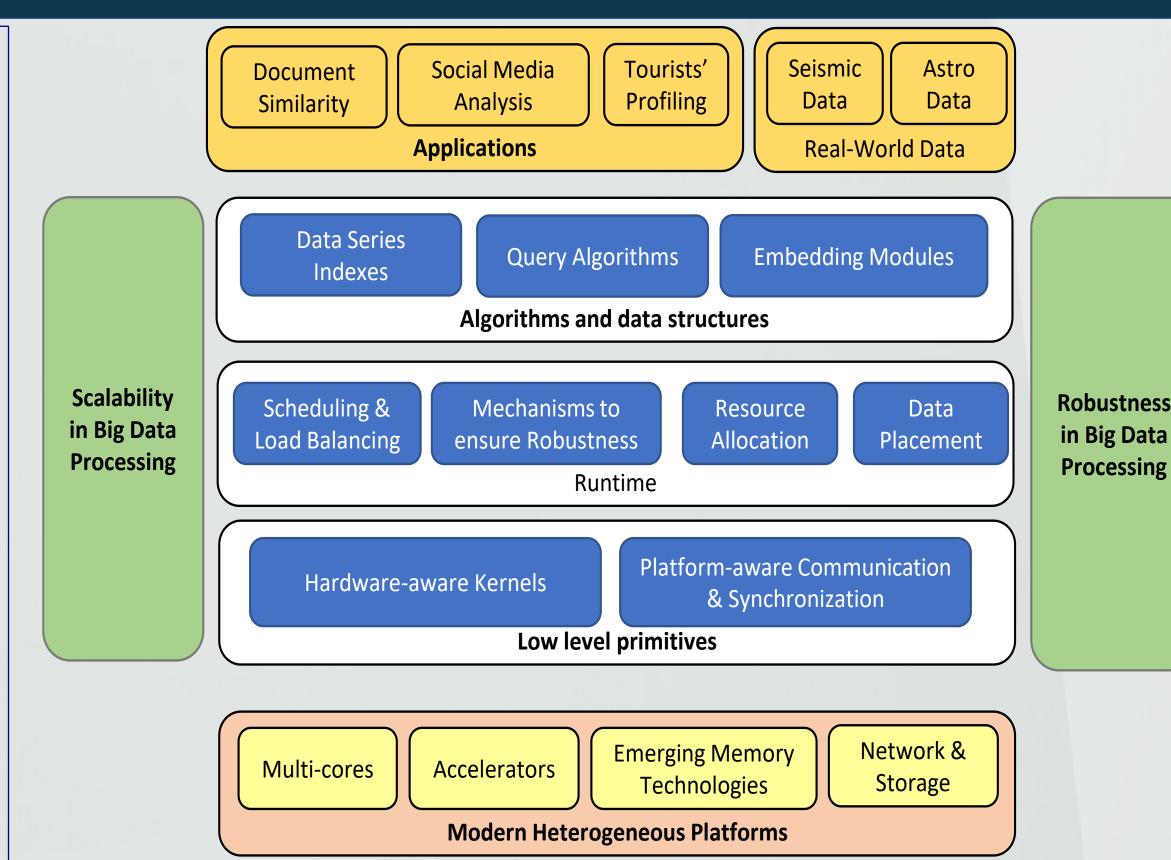
- Tourism Market (one of the fastest rising markets in Greece)
- Natural Language Processing Market
- Social Media Platforms market











### HARSH Innovation & Impact

- Novel deep machine learning algorithms for the automated extraction of key features through low dimensional embeddings
- Robust Hardware-aware Data Processing Systems
- Novel data structures and algorithms for largescale data-series processing.

